STANDARD 3.2 (WRITING) ALL STUDENTS WILL WRITE IN CLEAR, CONCISE, ORGANIZED LANGUAGE THAT VARIES IN CONTENT AND FORM FOR DIFFERENT AUDIENCES AND PURPOSES.

Building upon knowledge and skills gained in preceding grades, by the end of Grade 12, students will:

- A. Writing as a Process (prewriting, drafting, revising, editing, postwriting)
- 3.2.12.A.1 Engage in the full writing process by writing daily and for sustained amounts of time.
- 3.2.12.A.2 <u>Define and narrow a problem or research topic.</u>
- **3.2.12.A.3** Use strategies such as graphic organizers and outlines to plan and write drafts according to the intended message, audience, and purpose for writing.
- **3.2.12.A.4** Analyze and revise writing to improve style, focus and organization, coherence, clarity of thought, sophisticated word choice and sentence variety, and subtlety of meaning.
- 3.2.12.A.5 Exclude extraneous details, repetitious ideas, and inconsistencies to improve writing.
- **3.2.12.A.6** Review and edit work for spelling, usage, clarity, and fluency.
- **3.2.12.A.7** Use the computer and word-processing software to compose, revise, edit, and publish a piece.
- **3.2.12.A.8** Use a scoring rubric to evaluate and improve own writing and the writing of others.
- **3.2.12.A.9** Reflect on own writing and establish goals for growth and improvement.
- B. Writing as a Product (resulting in a formal product or publication)
- 3.2.12.B.1 Analyzing characteristics, structures, tone, and features of language of selected genres and apply this knowledge to own writing.
- 3.2.12.B.2 Critique published works for authenticity and credibility.
- 3.2.12.B.3 Draft a thesis statement and support/defend it through highly developed ideas and content, organization, and paragraph development.

- 3.2.12.B.4 Write multi-paragraph, complex pieces across the curriculum using a variety of strategies to develop a central idea (e.g., cause-effect, problem/solution, hypothesis/results, rhetorical questions, parallelism).
- 3.2.12.B.5 Write a range of essays and expository pieces across the curriculum, such as persuasive, analytic, critique, or position paper, etc.
- 3.2.12.B.6 Write a literary research paper that synthesizes and cites data using researched information and technology to support writing.
- 3.2.12.B.7 Use primary and secondary sources to provide evidence, justification, or to extend a position, and cite sources from books, periodicals, interviews, discourse, electronic sources, etc.
- 3.2.12.B.8 Foresee readers' needs and develop interest through strategies such as using precise language, specific details, definitions, descriptions, examples, anecdotes, analogies, and humor as well as anticipating and countering concerns and arguments and advancing a position.
- 3.2.12.B.9 Provide compelling openings and strong closure to written pieces.
- 3.2.12.B.10 Employ relevant graphics to support a central idea (e.g., charts, graphic organizers, pictures, computer-generated presentation).
- 3.2.12.B.11 Use the responses of others to review content, organization, and usage for publication.
- 3.2.12.B.12 Select pieces of writing from a literacy folder for a presentation portfolio that reflects performance in a variety of genres.

3.2.12.B.13 Write sentences of varying length and complexity using precise vocabulary to convey intended meaning.

C. Mechanics, Spelling, and Handwriting

- 3.2.12.C.1 Use Standard English conventions in all writing (sentence structure, grammar and usage, punctuation, capitalization, spelling).
- 3.2.12.C.2 Demonstrate a well-developed knowledge of English syntax to express ideas in a lively and effective personal style.
- 3.2.12.C.3 Use subordination, coordination, apposition, and other devices effectively to indicate relationships between ideas.
- 3.2.12.C.4 Use transition words to reinforce a logical progression of ideas.

- **3.2.12.**C.**5** Use knowledge of Standard English conventions to edit own writing and the writing of others for correctness.
- **3.2.12.**C.6 Use a variety of reference materials, such as a dictionary, grammar reference, and/or internet/software resources to edit written work.
- 3.2.12.C.7 <u>Create a multi-page document using word processing software that</u> demonstrates the ability to format, edit, and print.
- D. Writing Forms, Audiences, and Purposes (exploring a variety of forms)
- 3.2.12.D.1 Employ the most effective writing formats and strategies for the purpose and audience.
- 3.2.12.D.2 Write a variety of essays (for example, a summary, an explanation, a description, a literary analysis essay) that:
 - Develops a thesis;
 - Creates an organizing structure appropriate to purpose, audience and context;
 - Includes relevant information and excludes extraneous information;
 - Makes valid inferences;
 - Supports judgments with relevant and substantial evidence and wellchosen details; and
 - provides a coherent conclusion.
- 3.2.12.D.3 Evaluate the impact of an author's decisions regarding tone, word choice, style, content, point of view, literary elements, and literary merit, and produce an interpretation of overall effectiveness.
- 3.2.12.D.4 Apply all copyright laws to information used in written work.
- 3.2.12.D.5 When writing, employ structures to support the reader, such as transition words, chronology, hierarchy or sequence, and forms, such as headings and subtitles.
- 3.2.12.D.6 Compile and synthesize information for everyday and workplace purposes, such as job applications, resumes, business letters, college applications, and written proposals.
- 3.2.12.D.7 Demonstrate personal style and voice effectively to support the purpose and engage the audience of a piece of writing.

3.2.12.D.8 <u>Analyze deductive arguments</u> (if the premises are all true and the argument's form is valid, the conclusion is true) and inductive arguments (the conclusion provides the best or most probable explanation of the truth of the premises, but is not necessarily true.)